Care for the dying in the ICU

Practical aspects and the goals of the end of life family meeting

Dr Brian H Cuthbertson, Attending Physician Critical Care Medicine, Sunnybrook HSC University of Toronto



Educational Objectives RE: EOL Family Meeting

- 1. Objective 1: Identify the key issues relating to leading a family meeting to discuss end of life care
- 2. Objective 2: Demonstrate the key behaviors (do's and don'ts) for leading a family meeting to discuss end of life care

3. Objective 3: Develop a system for the practicalities of the delivery of a high-quality family meeting to discuss end of life care



This Pandemic may mean that...

Family discussions will be led by individuals who do not lead this type of meeting or communicated about such issues regularly



OBJECTIVE 1



Objective 1: Identifying the Key Issues

Knowledge and preparation are key!

Take steps to assure you know your patient's goals and values, as well as his/her family's values and dynamics

Decision making is a team activity!

Take your team into the meeting to demonstrate to the family the entire team wishes to share its expertise with them, while also learning from the family – co-construction is key!

Show you care!

Show your empathy and caring to emphasize your alignment with family needs



OBJECTIVE 2



Objective 2: "How to's" of Communication

Leader's Communication – Take your time and recognize the impacts of emotion on these processes

- Introduce yourself and the team fully and clearly, taking all time needed to do so
- Allow pauses in conversation, sometimes long ones, as it takes time to process information in heightened emotional states
 - Similarly, prepare to repeat yourself and explain facts in different ways
- Speak plainly and get to point (families often know what is coming)



Objective 2: "How to's" of Communication

Collective Communication – Meaningful inclusion of all voices

- All team members should be offered space to speak, aimed at producing a comprehensive understanding
- Meaningfully invite and include all family members in the decision making – respectfully ask silent members for input
- Recap and summarise clearly, and ensure everyone agrees on the synthesized decisions



Objective 2: How to Explain EOL Care

Communication about EOL care – Clarity and Compassion

- Be very clear what EOL care entails (palliation of symptoms, fluids, nutrition etc)
- Remind the family that all usual comfort care will be given
- Discuss with them which aspects of medical care will not be delivered (i.e. CPR)



Objective 2: What comes next in EOL care?

Communication about EOL care – Respect and Continuity

- Ascertain what the family thinks is important at that stage of life (e.g., religious and cultural practices)
- Remind the family that the team will be available and will check in regularly, to ensure they feel highly involved in the ongoing care
- Write high quality EOL orders / care plans with bedside nurse
 - Decide whether and when to engage palliative care



Objective 2: Potential Challenges

Behaviours Associated with Difficult Meetings

- Feeling pressured to speak; think about how to be comfortable with pause
- Saying "withdrawal of care" we never do that!
- Thinking all will be understood the first time. Be prepared to repeat key points and messages
- Using euphemisms to describe death (i.e. to pass, leave us)
- Making the family feel the decision is theirs alone- it isn't and shouldn't be!



OBJECTIVE 3



Preparation

- Know your patient: including name and background, and check for further details from chart and team members
- Form and brief your team: Ensure everyone knows who is coming into the room (and why they are key)
- Choose an appropriate location: A quiet location where you won't be disturbed



Team Briefing

- •What are the teams aims and objectives?
- •What do we know about the family's values and dynamics?
- •What do we know about the patient's values?
 - Has their condition changed since the meeting was planned?
- Does any change effect your discussions?



Recommended Steps for the Meeting

- (Re-)Introduce the entire team to the family
- Summarize where we are and what was previously discussed / agreed
- Directly state where we are now and why this happened
- Families often know you are about to discuss bad news so don't prolong their agony with a long-winded lead in.
- (Re-)Discuss the patient's values



Bringing it Together and Concluding the Meeting

- Clearly state the options for ongoing management informed by the patient's values and the standard of care
- Ensure the family has provided all input and feedback
- Form conclusions that are clear and agreed whenever possible
- Recap and arrange to meet again, as required



One Page Summary



Preparation is key: know your team, your patient, and their family

Team work is vital: the family is as much a part of your team as all of your colleagues

Show inclusivity, empathy and communicate with clarity

Split meeting into stages to allow effective and compassionate delivery



Contributions

Author: Brian Cuthbertson, Sunnybrook HSC

Editor first Review - Jenna Spring, Sunnybrook HSC

Editors for Educational Content/Design: Stella Ng, Unity Health Toronto & the Wilson Centre & Department of SLP

Ryan Brydges, Unity Health Toronto & the Wilson Centre, and Department of Medicine

Clinical editor- Gordon Rubenfeld, Sunnybrook HSC